

GRAVEYARD BORE PROJECT MMP V.5

APPENDIX I

In late 2022 the Central Mining Team from the Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade sought advice from the Flora and Fauna division of the Department of Environment, Parks and Water Security (DEPWS) in relation to threatened species in the Graveyard Bore project area. Due to the moderate to high likelihood of occurrence of threatened fauna species within the project area, mitigation measures will be required for the protection of these species.

Ferdies Find Pty Ltd hereby commits to the following mitigation measures:

- Suitable habitat for the Great Desert Skink and Greater Bilby are likely to occur in project area. Prior to exploration activities, areas designated for disturbance should be surveyed for the presence of potential Great Desert Skink and Bilby burrows, which should be identified by a qualified and experienced ecologist. To reduce impacts, potential burrows should be buffered by 50m from disturbance, and access tracks and pads should be aligned or sited to avoid impacts.
- The Grey Falcon is known to the region and nests in large trees and occasionally man-made structures such as telecommunications towers. Nesting Grey Falcons are vulnerable to disturbance from the presence of people or vehicles within about 300m of the nest. If a Grey Falcon nest or suspected nest is encountered then a minimum buffer distance of 300m should be maintained to minimise disturbance and potential impacts.
- The Princess Parrot is known to travel widely across Central Australia. The species nests in large hollow-bearing trees, such as Marble Gum and River Red Gum. Any large, hollow-bearing trees should be identified and an exclusion buffer of 30m should be maintained to minimise potential impacts and maintain nesting habitat for this species.


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16 January 2023